PRINT DATE: 04/11/98 PAGE: 1

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - NON-CIL HARDWARE NUMBER: M5-688-0902 -X

SUBSYSTEM NAME: ISS DOCKING SYSTEM

REVISION: 0

02/27/98

PART DATA

PART NAME VENDOR NAME

PART NUMBER **VENDOR NUMBER**

LRU

THERMOSTAT (OVER TEMP)

MC452-0147-0015

EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS:

THERMOSTAT, OVER TEMPERATURE (65 - 85 DEG. F) - EXTERNAL AIRLOCK WATER LINE **HEATERS**

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS:

40V64TS13

40V64TS14 40V64TS15 40V64TS16 40V64TS17 40V64TS18

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 6

(SIX)

FUNCTION:

WHEN TEMPERATURE RISES 15 DEGREES ABOVE THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE TEMPERATURE CONTROLLING THERMOSTAT, THE OVER TEMPERATURE THERMOSTAT ELECTRICALLY DISCONNECTS THE HEATER CIRCUITS. THE OVER TEMPERATURE THERMOSTAT IS PROVIDED TO GUARD AGAINST A TEMPERATURE CONTROL THERMOSTAT WHICH HAS FAILED CLOSED, CAUSING THE HEATER TO ALWAYS BE ON.

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS:

1) VS70-640109, SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM - AIRLOCK

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SUBSYSTEM

PRINT DATE: 04/11/98

PAGE 5

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS FMEA -- NON-CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: M6-6SS-0902-02

REVISION#:

D

02/27/98

SUBSYSTEM NAME: ISS DOCKING SYSTEM

LRU: N/A
ITEM NAME: THERMOSTAT (OVER TEMPERATURE)

CRITICALITY OF THIS FAILURE MODE: 1R3

FAILURE MODE:

FAIL CLOSED, FAIL TO OPEN

MISSION PHASE:

OO ON-ORBIT

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY:

103 DISCOVERY

104 ATLANTIS

105 ENDEAVOUR

CAUSE:

A) PIECE PART STRUCTURAL FAILURE, B) CONTAMINATION, C) VIBRATION, D) MECHANICAL SHOCK, E) PROCESSING ANOMALY, F) THERMAL STRESS

CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

CRITICALITY 1R2 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY (AVIONICS ONLY)? NO

REDUNDANCY SCREEN

A) PASS

B) N/A

C) PASS

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

A)

B)

SCREEN "B" IS "N/A" BECAUSE AT LEAST TWO REMAINING PATHS ARE READILY DETECTABLE IN FLIGHT.

G)

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

LOSS OF FUNCTION OF OVERTEMPERATURE THERMOSTATIO OPEN

PAGE: 6 PRINT DATE 04/11/98

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) — NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M5-685-0902-02

(B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

FIRST FAILURE - NO EFFECT. TEMPERATURE CONTROLLING THERMOSTAT WILL CONTROL TEMPERATURE.

(C) MISSION:

FIRST FAILURE - NO EFFECT

(D) CREW, VEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

FIRST FAILURE - NO EFFECT

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

POSSIBLE LOSS OF CREWIVEHICLE AFTER FOUR FAILURES:

- 1) OVER TEMPERATURE THERMOSTAT FAILS CLOSED NO EFFECT. TEMPERATURE. CONTROLLING THERMOSTAT (IN SERIES WITH OVER TEMPERATURE CONTROL THERMOSTAT) WILL CONTROL TEMPERATURE.
- 2) TEMPERATURE CONTROL THERMOSTAT FAILS CLOSED TEMPERATURE SENSORS INDICATE OVER TEMPERATURE CONDITION CAUSING FDA ALARM. CREW MEMBER MUST REMOVE POWER FROM HEATER STRING USING CIRCUIT BREAKER.
- 3) ASSOCIATED CIRCUIT BREAKER FAILS CLOSED CANNOT REMOVE POWER FROM HEATER STRING RESULTING IN WATER LINES POSSIBLY OVERHEATING AND REACHING ITS BURST PRESSURE CAUSING LOSS OF NOMINAL WATER SUPPLY TO THE EMU'S. WORST CASE IF FAILURE OCCURS FOLLOWING AN INITIAL EVA. THEN LOSS OF WATER SUPPLY TO REFILL THE EMU SUBLIMATOR FOR BOTH EMU'S WOULD PRECLUDE SUBSEQUENT EVA CAPABILITIES.
- 4) A FAILURE NECESSITATING AN EVA TO PREVENT A POTENTIAL CATASTROPHIC SITUATION INABILITY TO PERFORM A CONTINGENCY EVA TO CORRECT A CRIT 1 CONDITION COULD RESULT IN A LOSS OF CREW/VEHICLE.

DESIGN CRITICALITY (PRIOR TO DOWNGRADE, DESCRIBED IN (F)):

(F) RATIONALE FOR CRITICALITY DOWNGRADE:

ALTHOUGH THE CRITICALITY REMAINS UNCHANGED AFTER WORKAROUNDS CONSIDERATION (ALLOWED PER CR \$050107W), THEY ARE PROVIDING ADDITIONAL FAULT TOLERANCE TO THE SYSTEM.

AFTER THE FOURTH FAILURE (FAILURE NECESSITATING AN EVA TO PREVENT A POTENTIAL CATASTROPHIC SITUATION) - INABILITY TO PERFORM CONTINGENCY EVA (FIFTH FAILURE) TO CORRECT A CRIT 1 CONDITION COULD RESULT IN LOSS OF CREW AND VEHICLE.

- TIME FRAME -

TIME FROM FAILURE TO CRITICAL EFFECT: HOURS

PAGE: 7 PRINT DATE: 04/11/98

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M5-85S-0902-02

TIME FROM FAILURE OCCURRENCE TO DETECTION: MINUTES

TIME FROM DETECTION TO COMPLETED CORRECTING ACTION: MINUTES

IS TIME REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT CORRECTING ACTION LESS THAN TIME TO EFFECT? YES

RATIONALE FOR TIME TO CORRECTING ACTION VS TIME TO EFFECT:
FDA ALARM INDICATES OVERTEMPERATURE CONDITION AFTER SECOND THERMOSTAT
FAILS CLOSED - CREW MEMBER CAN REMOVE POWER FROM HEATER STRING BY
OPENING CIRCUIT BREAKER.

HAZARD REPORT NUMBER(S): NONE

HAZARD(S) DESCRIPTION:

NONE

- APPROVALS -

SS&PAE

: T. K. KIMURA

DESIGN ENGINEER

: C. J. ARROYO